



# *The Sleights' Curriculum for Religious Education*

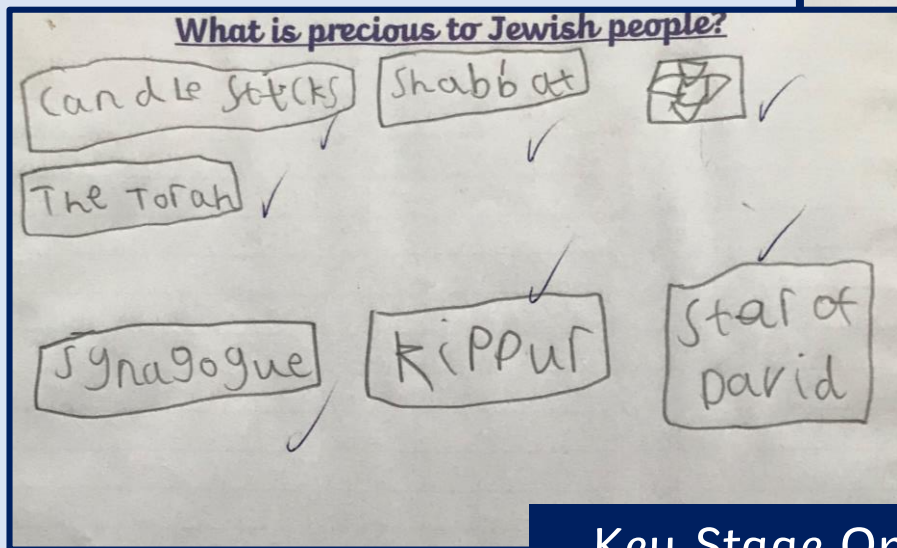
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*Progression in Judaism*

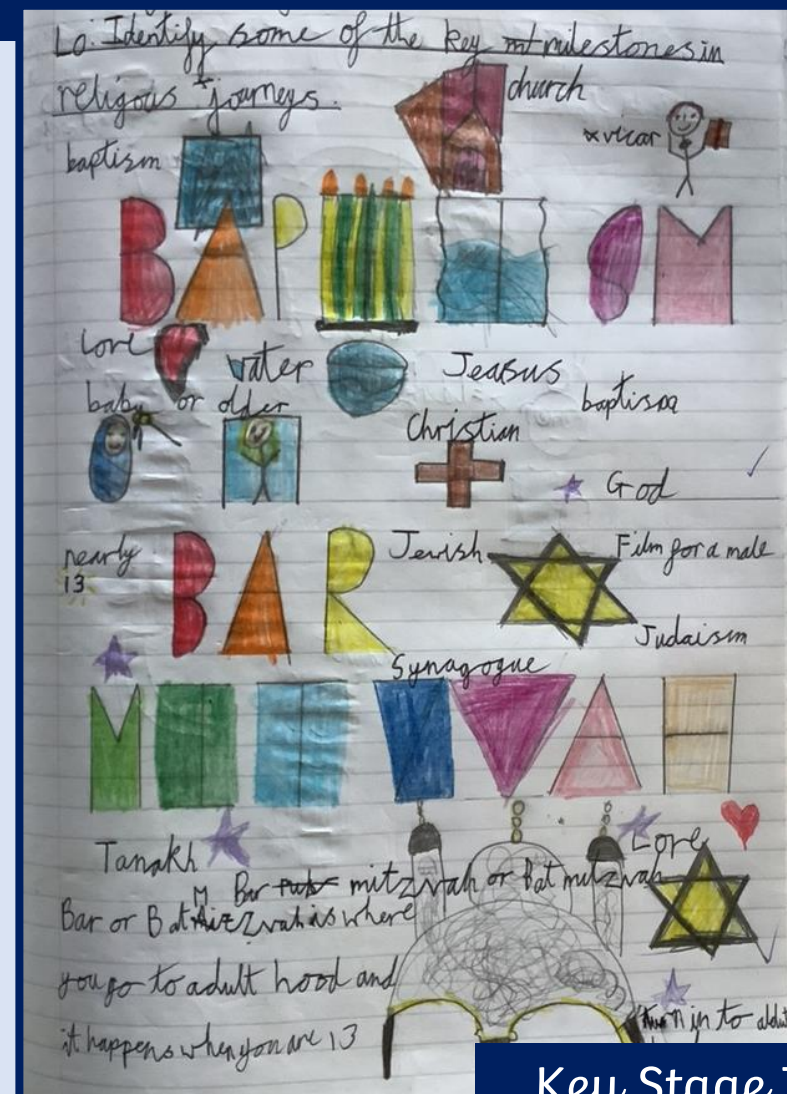
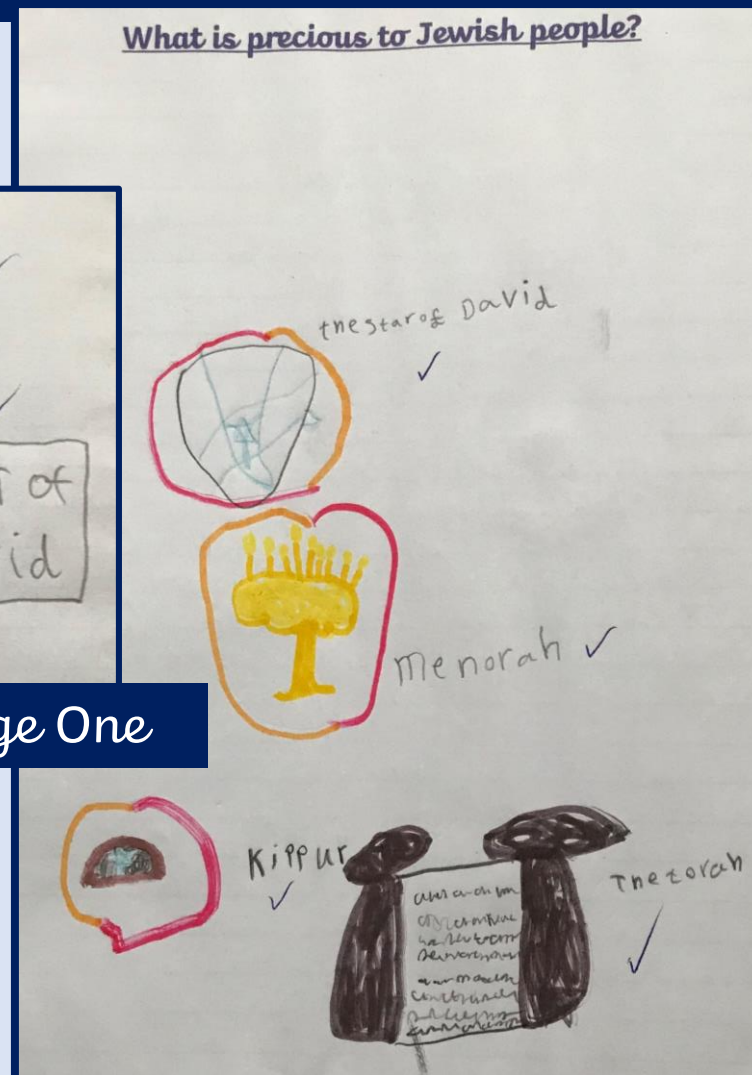
Children are first introduced to Judaism in Early Years. This focuses on naming and recognising key symbols and artefacts relating to the Jewish faith.



Across their time at Sleights, children learn the importance of symbols and objects first introduced in Early Years and Key Stage One. Children recognise that these objects are precious to Jewish people. Into Key Stage Two, children build an increasing knowledge base of key symbols, events and milestones relating to Judaism.



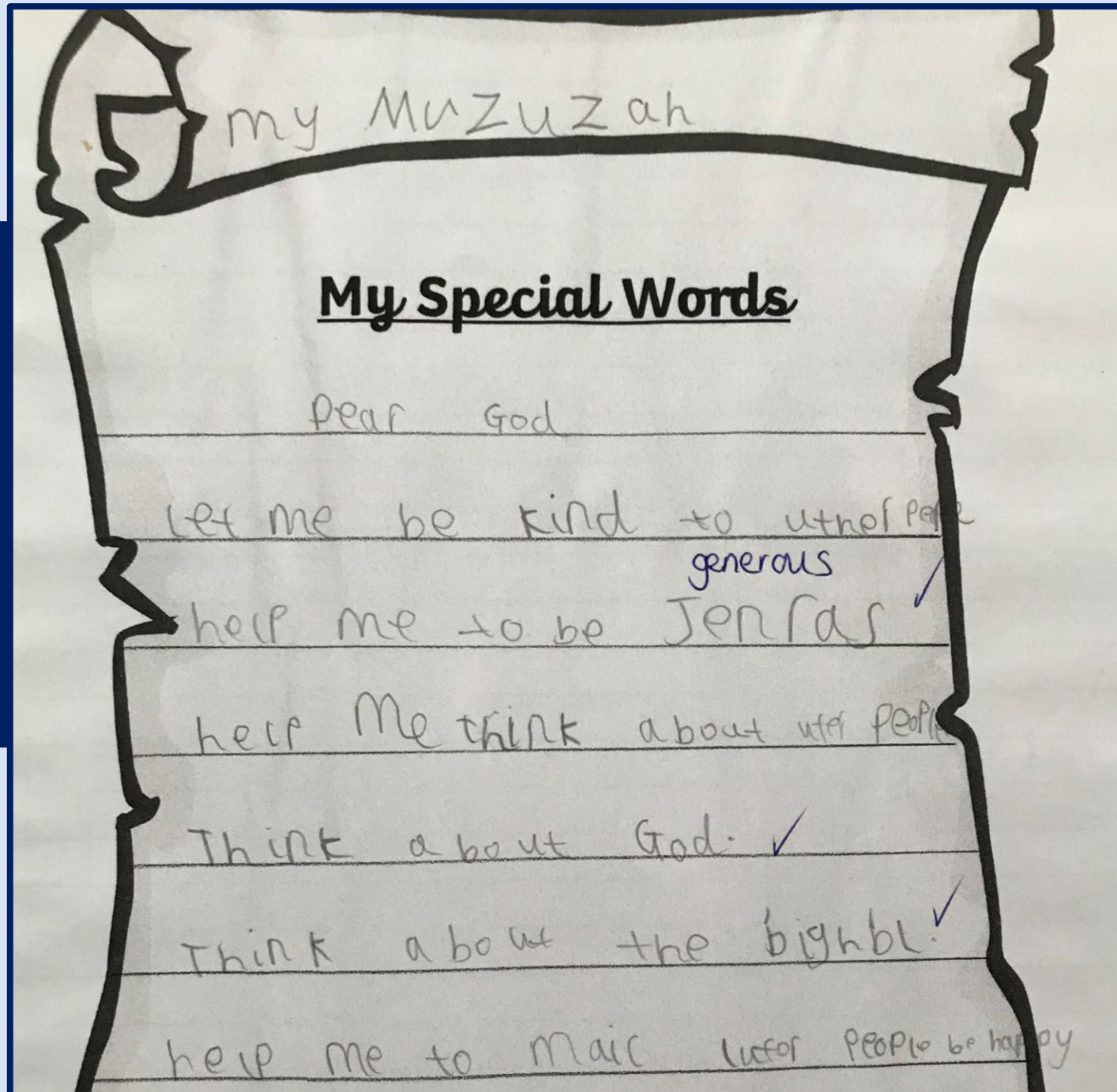
Key Stage One



Key Stage Two



Building on their understanding of symbols and artefacts, children in Key Stage One learn the importance of a mezuzah and create their own special words.

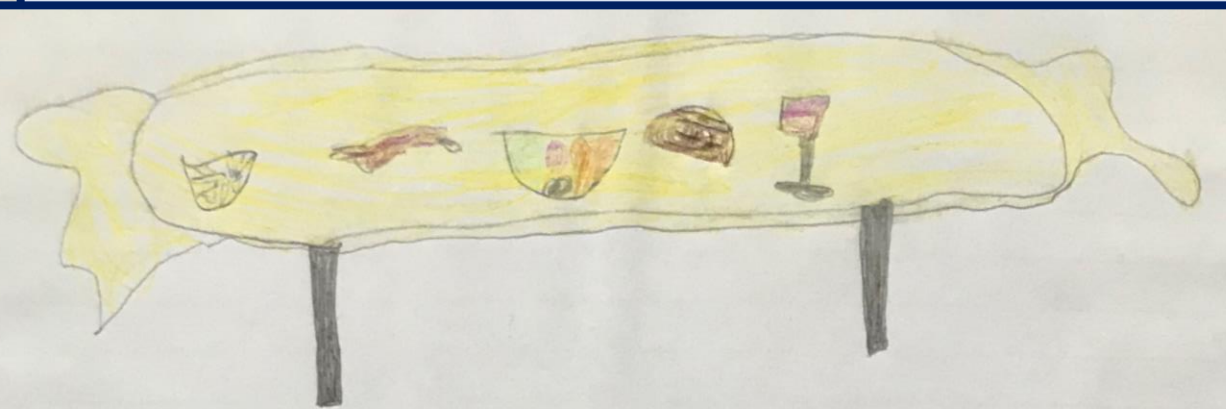


In Key Stage Two, children extend their knowledge base of important words by exploring the role of the Talmud.



Children in Key Stage One build on how artefacts and symbols are used in key festivals and events. The children find learn about Shabbat and Sukkot.

SUKKOT is another Jewish Festival Like a Shabbat, but quite different. Sukkot is when Jewish people build Sukkah's. a Sukkah is a special type of Hut that Jewish people build. There is a rule for building Hut's, you have to make it have 3 side's. ✓



Shabbat is like a special tiny holiday for Jewish people. at Shabbat you have a big Diner. you stop what your doing and lots of other special things. /



In Key Stage Two, children extend their personal knowledge about festivals and special events further when learning about Rosh Hashanah, Yom Kippur.

Hannukkah is a festival of light  
and lasts 8 days. Sometimes there  
they play a game called dreidel  
whoever wins gets sweets.

### Bar Mitzvah

Bar Mitzvah is a time in a 12 or 13 year old boy prepares  
himself to sing a prayer and become a law of the  
Judaism. The boy would be a son of the Jewish people.  
Hashem.

### Bat Mitzvah

Bat Mitzvah is where a girl becomes a daughter  
of the Lord. She admits to be a Jew and she will  
be a Jewish adult.

girls is called Bat Mitzvah  
boys is called Bar Mitzvah  
you wrap the band round 7 times  
The band is used when men  
prayer.  
usually you had to be close to  
after the child receives a gift a big celebration 13 or older  
and have a celebration meal.  
The rabbi gives a talk, speaking to both the child and his family and the rest of the community.  
The child might also give a speech. It's traditional for the gather to recite a prayer to a thanks to God for bringing maturity to his son.



With knowledge gained about Jewish celebrations, children are able to make direct comparisons and connections between milestones from Christianity.

